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Extinction

EVO-3.G.1

Extinctions have occurred throughout Earth's history.

EVO-3.G.2

Extinction rates can be rapid during times of ecological stress.

EVO-3.H.1

Human activity can drive changes in ecosystems that cause extinctions.

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Extinction

EVO-3.I.1

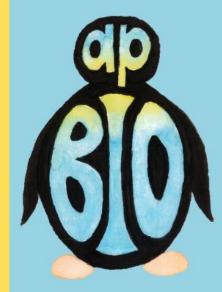
The amount of diversity in an ecosystem can be determined by the rate of speciation and the rate of extinction.

EVO-3.J.1

Extinction provides newly available niches that can then be exploited by different species.

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Why does mass speciation occur after a mass extinction event?

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Why does mass speciation occur after a mass extinction event?

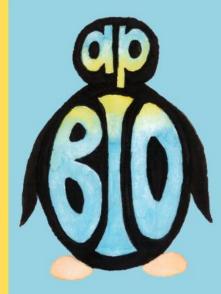
There are more available niches.

As the extinction event takes place, organisms that would normally take up a niche are no longer living making the niche available.

Organisms undergo speciation as they take up that niche.

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What is the process after an extinction event that allows population to evolve?

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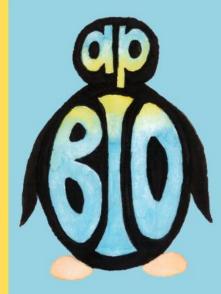


What is the process after an extinction event that allows population to evolve?

Adaptive Radiation

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Which scientist believe catastrophism?

- A. Aristotle
 - **B.** Cuvier
 - C. Darwin
- D. Lamarck

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Which scientist believe catastrophism?

B. Cuvier

Cuvier believed in catastrophism

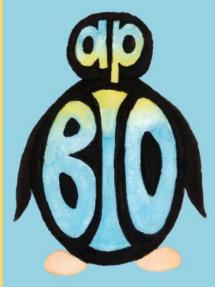
Aristotle developed the scala naturae

Darwin developed theory of Natural Selection and believed in descent with modification

Lamarck believed in use and disuse.

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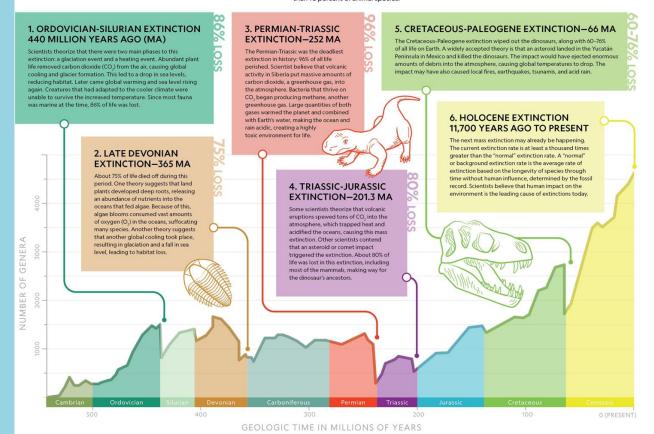


Mass Extinctions

MASS EXTINCTIONS

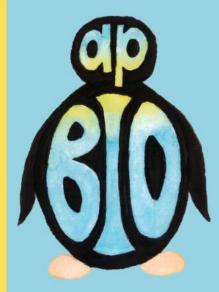
A mass extinction is a sharp spike in the rate of extinction of species caused by a catastrophic event or rapid environmental change. Scientists have been able to identify five mass extinctions in Earth's history, each of which led to a loss of more than 75 percent of animal species.





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What is species diversity?

- A. Number of individuals in an area
 - B. Number of phenotypes in a population
 - C. Number of species in a community
 - D. Number of species in a community plus abundance

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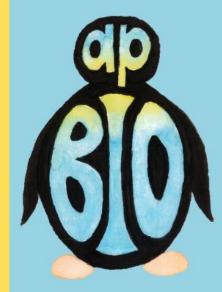
What is species diversity?

D. Number of species in a community plus abundance

Species diversity refers to how diverse the community is. So, how many different types of species are in an area and the abundance of each of those species.

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If the species diversity decreases...

- A. Rate of extinction decreases
- **B.** Rate of extinction increases

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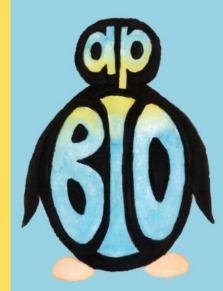
If the species diversity decreases...

B. Rate of extinction increases

The less diverse in the community, the more extinction occurs. A higher species diversity leads to higher ecological stabilization and resilience. More ecological relationships lead to more ability to resist stress.

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An increase of species diversity,

- A. Results in a decrease in rate of speciation
- B. Results in an increase in rate of speciation

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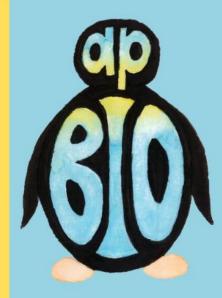
An increase of species diversity,

A. Results in a decrease in rate of speciation

An increase in species diversity leads to less available niches which decreases speciation within the community.

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Extinctions

- A. Decrease available niches
- B. Increase available niches

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Extinctions

B. Increase available niches

As individuals die, there are more available niches. So, extinctions increase available niches.